Claims

- 1. Method for determining seat comfort, especially as perceived by a person, of a seat cushion bearing a sitter, especially of the perceived softness of a car seat when a person sits down on it, characterized by measuring the pressure distribution over the seat surface by means of a pressure sensing system; measuring the actual deformation of the seat surface by means of a depth or deformation sensing system; and computing a value of the seat comfort as it is occupied on the basis of the measured, actual deformation of the seat cushion and the measured pressure distribution of the seat upholstery.
- 2. Method according to claim 1, characterized by computing a softness matrix value D of the seat comfort from a measured pressure distribution matrix F and a measured deformation matrix X of seat upholstery in relation to the surface of the seat.
- 3. Method according to claim 2, characterized by display of the computed seat comfort rating in a three-dimensional representation as a multi-dimensional elasticity matrix over the seat surface of a seat upholstery.
- 4. Method according to one of the foregoing claims, characterized by using a first measuring mat having a multiplicity of measuring sensors of the size of the seat surface to measure the pressure distribution and by subsequent use of a second measuring mat for measuring the seat surface deformation, the first and the second measuring mat having substantially the same number of points of measurement and being positioned as a layer.
- 5, Method according to any one of the foregoing claims, characterized by measuring the deformation of the seat contour by forming a difference from a matrix value of a three-dimensional imaging of the seat surface in the unoccupied case and from a matrix value of a three-dimensional imaging of the upper surface of the seat upon its initial occupation.
- 6. Apparatus for determining seat comfort, especially the seat comfort perceived by a person upon sitting down in a seat cushion, especially a motor vehicle seat, with a pressure sensing system for measuring the pressure distribution on the seat surface, characterized in that a deformation sensory system for measuring the actual deformation of the seat

- surface, and an evaluation unit for computing the seat comfort from the measured pressure distribution and the measured deformation of the seat surface are provided.
- 7. Apparatus according to claim 6, characterized in that the pressure sensing system is provided in the form of a first measuring mat which can be fastened on the seat surface, and that the deformation sensing system is provided in the form of a second measuring mat which can be fastened on the seat surface, and which, after a sitting down the deformation of the seat surface can be retained.
- 8. Apparatus according to either one of claims 6 or 7, characterized in that the evaluation unit has a calculating means for performing the matrix calculations.
- 9. Apparatus according to any one of claims 6 to 8, characterized in that an output and display unit is provided, by means of which three-dimensional measured value and result matrices can be represented.
- 10. Apparatus according to any one of claims 6 to 9, characterized in that means are provided for acting upon a seat surface with a pressure application and distribution corresponding to the sitting down of a person.